DIEMS PAST PAPERS Management Studies

SIR ARTHUR LEWIS COMMUNITY COLLEGE DIVISION OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND MANAGEMENT STUDIES

EXAMINATION SESSION

May 2009 Examination

TUTOR (S)

B. Dwarkasingh

PROGRAMME TITLE

Travel and Tourism

Hospitality Studies

PROGRAMME CODE

3HS-TAT-AD

3HS-HOS-AD

COURSE TITLE

: Accommodations I

COURSE CODE

AOP101

CLASS (ES)

: Year 1's

DATE

4th May, 2009

COMMENCEMENT TIME

9:00 a.m.

DURATION

: 2 Hours

INVIGILATOR (S)

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S. Meliat

R. Isaac, H. Nicholas

ROOM (S)

: CEHI-1H-02

INSTRUCTIONS:

This Examination Paper consists of three (3) sections. Answer <u>all</u> questions.

Section A – Thirty Multiple choice questions. (30 marks)

Section B – Fill in the blanks.

(20 marks)

Section C – Long Answers.

(50 marks)

- Please number your responses accurately.
- Write your ID Number on each answer sheet.
- All cell phones must be turned off during the Examination.
- ♦ Note: Bags, books as well as writing paper not given by the invigilator should be deposited at the front of the examination room or as otherwise indicated.
- Students must sign **IN** and **OUT** on the exam class list.



SECTION A - MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. The first step in the registration process is:
 - a. Issuing the room key
 - b. Creation of registration record
 - c. Room and rate assignment
 - d. Pre-registration activity
- 2. "Walking a guest" means:
 - a. Escorting a guest up to their room
 - b. Pointing out various points of interest at the hotel to the guest
 - c. Turning away a guest due to unavailability of rooms
 - d. Offering the guest a more expensive category of room for sale
- 3. The following is NOT a classification of hotel:
 - a. Hotel size
 - b. Target market
 - c. Resort
 - d. Levels of service
- 4. Casino Hotels are:
 - a. Hotels with meeting space
 - b. Condominiums
 - c. Hotels that provide scenery and activities
 - d. Hotels with gambling facilities
- 5. Three (3) levels of service offered by hotels are:
 - a. World-class, mid-range and economy
 - b. Independent, parent and referral
 - c. Business, pleasure and group
 - d. Upper-class, middle-class and lower-class
- 6. A hotel has no affiliation with other properties:
 - a. Parent Company
 - b. Independent Hotel
 - c. Franchise Hotel
 - d. Referral Group Hotel
- 7. Franchise and Referral Groups are two (2) types of:
 - a. Chain Hotels
 - b. Management Contract
 - c. Parent Company Hotels
 - d. World-Class Hotels
- 8. A hotel must have a reason for existence. This is called:
 - a. A vision
 - b. An objective
 - c. A mission
 - d. A strategy

a. Organization Chart b. Mission Statement c. Hotel Organization d. Rooms Division 10. The Rooms Division is made up of: a. Food and Beverage and Housekeeping b. Front Office and Housekeeping c. Maintenance and Securityd. Accounting and Sales 11. Parking attendants, door attendants, porters and bellpersons make up: a. Uniformed Service Staff b. Housekeeping Staff c. Maintenance Staff d. Security Staff 12. Two (2) back-of-the-house departments include: a. Food and Beverage and Housekeeping b. Engineering and Accounting c. Front Office and Uniformed Service d. Housekeeping and Front Office 13. The Night Auditor belongs to the ______ department. a. Accounting b. Security c. Uniformed Service d. Front Office 14. What does PBX stand for? a. Public Broadcasting Network b. Private Branch Exchange c. Public Branch Exchange d. Private Broadcasting Exchange 15. Concierge services include: a. Checking-in guests b. Providing amenities in guestroom c. Providing directions and information d. Post room charges 16. The following is NOT a function of the Night Auditor:

___ is a representation of the relationships between positions within an

organization.

d. Summarizes the results of operations for reporting to management

a. Post room charges to guest account

b. Verifies all account postings and balancesc. Receives payment from guests at check-out

| 17. A parl | our or living room connected to one or more bedrooms is a |
|------------|--|
| a. | Suite |
| | Studio |
| | Quad |
| | Sleeper |
| | |
| 18. A gue | st history record is done during this stage of the guest cycle: |
| a. | Prearrival |
| b. | Arrival |
| C. | Occupancy |
| d. | Departure |
| 19. A room | n rack is used by which department of the hotel? |
| a. | Front Office |
| | Housekeeping |
| | Maintenance |
| | Food and Beverage |
| | |
| 20. A | refers to a guest who made a room reservation but did not use |
| | ancel it. |
| | Skipper |
| | Sleeper |
| | No-Show |
| d. | Check-Out |
| 21. Accep | ting reservations that outnumber available rooms is called: |
| а | Overbooking |
| | Guaranteed Reservation |
| | Walking the Guest |
| | Reservation Inquiry |
| | Treat in the state of the state |
| 22 | identifies guests and their anticipated occupancy needs before |
| arrival | at the property. |
| a. | Rack Slip |
| | Confirmation Letter |
| | Registration Record |
| | Reservation Record |
| 23. The fo | llowing is NOT a method of payment: |
| | V 1 |
| | Voucher |
| | Cash Travellers Checks |
| | |
| a. | Credit Card |
| | ling credit to guests by agreeing to bill the guest or guest's company for incurred is: |
| a. | Floor Limit |
| | Indirect Billing |
| | Direct Billing |
| d | Credit Card Verification |

25. A City Ledger is:

- a. The collection of non-guest accounts
- b. The collection of convention business accounts
- c. A transient ledger
- d. A set of all guest accounts currently registered in the hotel
- 26. Settling the guest account is also known as:
 - a. Paying on account
 - b. Cash payment in full
 - c. Crediting the guest account
 - d. "Zeroing out" the guest account.
- 27. Guest accounts which are not settled at departure are transferred to for billing and collection.

 - a. Night Auditb. City Ledgerc. T-Accountd. Guest Ledger
- 28. Typical city ledger accounts include the following EXCEPT:
 - a. Credit card billings
 - b. Guest accounts
 - c. Direct Billings
 - d. House Accounts
- 29. What is a motel?
 - a. An establishment that offers bed and breakfast
 - b. Another name for resort
 - c. A lodging facility that caters to guests arriving by automobiles
 - d. A hotel located near the airport
- 30. Another name for guest account is:
 - a. Reservation
 - b. Folio
 - c. T-Account
 - d. Guest Ledger

SECTION B – FILL IN THE BLANKS

Each correct answer is worth two (2) marks each.

| 1. | A cleaning solution that cleans most surfaces is called | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| 2. | cleans wood. | |
| 3. | cleaner cleans and sanitizes bathrooms. | |
| 4. | A small piece of equipment that cleans areas such and floor and walls is called | |
| 5. | carries cleaning supplies. | |
| 6. | An item offered to guests or placed in guestrooms for convenience or comfort at no extra cost is called | |
| 7. | Another name for housekeeping report is a report. | |
| 8. | Making a smooth, neat, professional corner with the bedsheet is called | |
| 9. | The first area cleaned in the bathroom is the | |
| 10. | Freshening the guestroom for the evening is called service. | |
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| | | |
| CTION C – LONG ANSWERS | | |
| ease answer all questions. | | |

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- 1. What are the activities which occur at each stage of the guest cycle? (20 marks)
- 2. List the *ten (10)* steps in the guestroom cleaning.

(20 marks)

3. Name any *five (5)* areas in the public areas that need to be cleaned regularly.

(10 marks)

END OF EXAMINATION